# Grampian Highland Orkney Shetland Tayside Eileanan Siar Western Isles

Patient Group Direction For The Administration Of Pneumococcal Polysaccharide Vaccine (PPV) Pneumovax 23® By Approved Healthcare Professionals Working Within NHS Grampian, Highland, Orkney, Shetland, Tayside And Western Isles

Lead Author:
Adapted from Public Health
Scotland Administration Of
Pneumococcal
Polysaccharide Vaccine
(PPV) Pneumovax 23®
Patient Group Direction
(PGD) Template, Version
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1st March 2024

Approver:
NoS PGD Group
Authorisation:
NHS Grampian

Signature: Signature:

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28<sup>th</sup> February 2026

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31<sup>st</sup> October 2024

Expiry Date:
28<sup>th</sup> February 2026

NHS Grampian, Highland, Orkney, Shetland, Tayside and Western Isles have authorised this Patient Group Direction to help individuals by providing them with more convenient access to an efficient and clearly defined service within the NHS Boards. This Patient Group Direction cannot be used until Appendix 1 and 2 are completed.

Uncontrolled when printed

Version 2.1

## **Revision History for NoS:**

NoS PGD that has	NoS/PGD/PPV/MGPG1302, Version 3
been superseded	

#### **Most recent changes NoS**

Version	Date of change	Summary of Changes	Section heading
2.1	28 March 2024	Reference to NoS Appendix 1 and 2.	Authorisation
		Training requirements for NoS.	Continuing education and training

PHS recent changes

Version	Date	Summary of changes
2.1	1 March 2024	<ul> <li>The following changes to version 2.0 of the PGD have been made:</li> <li>Minor rewording, layout and formatting changes for clarity and consistency with other PHS PGDs.</li> <li>Inclusion criteria, frequency, is the use outwith the SmPC and additional reference sections updated to include reference to the Scottish Haematology Society schedule for the revaccination of individuals following haematopoietic stem cell transplant or CAR-T treatment.</li> <li>Inclusion criteria amended to include individuals invited, or eligible in accordance with the recommendations in Green Book and/or in line with subsequent correspondence/publications from Scottish Government.</li> <li>Observation following vaccination section updated to include advice on driving post-immunisation.</li> </ul>

**Review date:** The review date for a PGD needs to be decided on a case-by-case basis in the interest of safety. The expiry date should not be more than 3 years, unless a change in national policy or update is required.

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#### Authorisation

This specimen Patient Group Direction (PGD) template has been produced by Public Health Scotland and adapted by North of Scotland PGD Group (NoS) to assist NHS Boards. NHS Boards should ensure that the final PGD is considered and approved in line with local clinical governance arrangements for PGDs.

The qualified health professionals who may administer vaccine under this PGD can only do so as named individuals. It is the responsibility of each professional to practice within the bounds of their own competence and in accordance with their own Code of Professional Conduct and to ensure familiarity with the manufacturer's product information/Summary of Product Characteristics (SmPC) for all vaccines administered in accordance with this PGD.

NHS Board governance arrangements will indicate how records of staff authorised to operate this PGD will be maintained. Under PGD legislation there can be no delegation. Administration of the vaccine has to be by the same practitioner who has assessed the patient under the PGD.

All authorised staff are required to read the PGD and sign the Agreement to Administer Medicines Under PGD (Appendix 1).

A Certificate of Authorisation (<u>Appendix 2</u>) signed by the authorising professional/manager should be supplied. This should be held in the individual health professional's records, or as agreed within the individual Health Board.

This PGD has been produced for NoS by:					
Doctor	Dr Danny Chandler	Signature	Daraulle	Date Signed	27/09/2024
Pharmacist	Russell Mackay	Signature	Run	Date Signed	14/10/2024
Nurse	Jackie Donachie	Signature	Monacho	Date Signed	10/10/2024

#### Approved for use within NoS by:

NoS Group Chair	Signature	Date Signed
Lesley Coyle	AS	23/10/2024

#### Authorised and executively signed for use within NoS by:

NHS Grampian Chief Executive	Signature	Date Signed
Adam Coldwells – Interim Chief Executive	Almhus	31/10/2024

#### Version 2.1 – Approved for NoS from 31st October 2024

### 1. Clinical situation

#### 1.1. Indication

Active immunisation against invasive disease caused by Streptococcus pneumoniae serotypes 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6B, 7F, 8, 9N, 9V, 10A, 11A, 12F, 14, 15B, 17F, 18C, 19F, 19A, 20, 22F, 23F, 33F.

#### 1.2. Inclusion criteria

- Adults aged 65 years and over not previously vaccinated with PPV23.
- Individuals aged two years and over included in the clinical risk groups who are invited, or eligible in accordance with the recommendations given in the Green Book <u>Chapters 7</u> and <u>25</u>, and/or in line with subsequent correspondence/publications from Scottish Government.
- Individuals with asplenia, splenic dysfunction or chronic kidney disease and who require a PPV23 booster (see Green Book chapter 25).
- Individuals who are recommended vaccination by the local Health Protection
  Team for the public health management of pneumococcal disease in accordance
  with <u>UK guidelines for the public health management of clusters of serious
  pneumococcal disease in closed settings</u>.
- Individuals who have received a haematopoietic stem cell transplant or CAR-T therapy and who require revaccination, in accordance with the <u>Scottish</u> <u>Haematology Society Revaccination Schedule</u>.
- Valid consent has been given to receive the vaccine.

#### 1.3. Exclusion criteria

#### Individuals who:

- are under 2 years of age.
- have had an anaphylactic reaction to a previous dose of PPV23 or any component of the vaccine.
- have a history of severe (i.e. anaphylactic reaction) to latex where the vaccine is not latex free.
- have previously received PPV23 over the age of 2 years, except for individuals with asplenia, splenic dysfunction and chronic kidney disease.
- have received pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (PCV13) in the preceding 8 weeks.
- Are suffering from acute severe febrile illness (the presence of a minor infection is not a contraindication for immunisation.

# 1.4. Cautions/need for further advice/circumstances when further advice should be sought from a doctor

The Green Book, <u>chapter 25</u> advises that there are very few individuals who cannot receive PPV23 vaccine. Where there is doubt, rather than withholding vaccination, appropriate advice should be sought from the relevant specialist, or from the local immunisation or health protection team.

The presence of a neurological condition is not a contraindication to immunisation but if there is evidence of current neurological deterioration, deferral of vaccination may be considered, to avoid incorrect attribution of any change in the underlying condition. The risk of such deferral should be balanced against the risk of the preventable infection, and vaccination should be promptly given once the diagnosis and/or the expected course of the condition becomes clear.

Those requiring splenectomy or commencing immunosuppressive treatment should be vaccinated according to the age-specific advice in the Green Book <u>chapter 25</u>. Ideally, the vaccines should be given 4-6 weeks before elective splenectomy or initiation of treatment such as chemotherapy or radiotherapy. Where this is not possible, it can be given up to two weeks before treatment. If it is not possible to vaccinate beforehand, splenectomy, chemotherapy or radiotherapy should never be delayed.

If it is not practicable to vaccinate two weeks before splenectomy, immunisation should be delayed until at least two weeks after the operation because functional antibody responses may be better from this time. If it is not practicable to vaccinate two weeks before starting chemotherapy/radiotherapy, immunisation should be delayed until at least three months after completion of therapy to maximise vaccine response. Immunisation of these patients should not be delayed if this is likely to result in a failure to vaccinate.

#### Co-administration with other vaccines

Pneumococcal vaccines can be given at the same time as other vaccines such as DTaP/IPV/Hib/HepB, 4CMenB, MMR, MenACWY, Hib/MenC, Rotavirus and influenza.

When administering at the same time as other vaccines care should be taken to ensure that the appropriate route of injection is used for all the vaccinations. The vaccines should be given at separate sites, preferably in different limbs. If given in the same limb, they should be given at least 2.5cm apart. The site at which each vaccine was given should be noted in the individual's records.

#### **Syncope**

Syncope (fainting) can occur following, or even before, any vaccination especially in adolescents as a psychogenic response to the needle injection. This can be accompanied by several neurological signs such as transient visual disturbance, paraesthesia and tonic-clonic limb movements during recovery. It is important that procedures are in place to avoid injury from faints.

#### Pregnancy and breastfeeding

Pneumococcal vaccines may be given to pregnant women when the need for protection is required without delay. There is no evidence of risk from vaccinating pregnant women or those who are breast-feeding with inactivated viral or bacterial vaccines or toxoids.

#### 1.5. Action if excluded

Specialist advice should be sought on the vaccine and circumstances under which it could be given as vaccination using a patient specific direction may be indicated. The risk to the individual of not being immunised must be taken into account.

Document the reason for exclusion and any action taken in accordance with local procedures.

Inform or refer to the clinician in charge.

If aged less than 2 years PPV23 is not indicated, ensure PCV immunisation is up-to-date.

If PPV23 has previously been received over the age of 2 years and the individual does not have asplenia, splenic dysfunction or chronic kidney disease and the individual is not recommended vaccination for the public health management of clusters of serious pneumococcal disease in closed settings disease further PPV23 is not indicated.

For those individuals who have received PCV in the preceding 8 weeks postpone immunisation until 8 weeks has elapsed.

In case of postponement due to acute severe febrile illness, advise when the individual can be vaccinated and ensure another appointment is arranged.

# 1.6. Action if patient declines

Advise the individual about the protective effects of the vaccine, the risks of infection and potential complications of disease.

Advise how future immunisation may be accessed if they subsequently decide to receive the vaccine.

Document advice given and decision reached.

Inform or refer to the clinician in charge.

# 2. Description of treatment

# 2.1. Name of medicine/form/strength

23-valent pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine (PPV) Pneumovax 23® solution for injection.

Pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine 0.5mL solution for injection in a pre-filled syringe, with each 0.5mL dose containing 25 micrograms of each of the following 23 pneumococcal polysaccharide serotypes: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6B, 7F, 8, 9N, 9V, 10A, 11A, 12F, 14, 15B, 17F, 18C, 19F, 19A, 20, 22F, 23F, 33F.

#### 2.2. Route of administration

Administer by intramuscular (IM) injection preferably into the deltoid area of the upper arm.

The intramuscular route is routinely used because localised reactions are more common when vaccines are given subcutaneously. However, for individuals with a bleeding disorder, vaccines may alternatively be given by subcutaneous injection to reduce the risk of bleeding.

The vaccine's normal appearance is a clear colourless solution. The vaccine should be visually inspected for particulate matter and discoloration prior to administration. In the event of any foreign particulate matter and/or variation of physical aspect being observed, do not administer the vaccine.

# 2.3. Dosage

0.5mL

# 2.4. Frequency

Single dose for adults and children over the age of 2 years.

Those with asplenia, splenic dysfunction or chronic kidney disease should receive a booster dose of PPV23 at five yearly intervals.

# Revaccination of individuals who have received a haemopoietic stem cell transplant:

In accordance with the schedule recommended by the Scottish Haematology Society Revaccination of patients following haematopoietic stem cell transplant or CAR-T treatment

## Management of a pneumococcal disease clusters and outbreaks:

In accordance with advice from local Health Protection Team and informed by Guidelines for the public health management of clusters and outbreaks of pneumococcal disease in closed settings with high-risk individuals.

## 2.5. Duration of treatment

See frequency section.

# 2.6. Maximum or minimum treatment period

See frequency section.

# 2.7. Quantity to supply/administer

See frequency section.

# 2.8. ▼ black triangle medicines

No.

# 2.9. Legal category

Prescription only medicine (POM).

#### 2.10. Is the use out with the SmPC?

Revaccination of individuals following haematopoietic stem cell transplant of CAR-T treatment is considered off-label but is in accordance with the <u>Scottish Haematology Society schedule</u>.

Vaccine should be stored according to the conditions detailed below. However, in the event of an inadvertent or unavoidable deviation of these conditions refer to NHS board guidance on storage and handling of vaccines or National Vaccine Incident Guidance. Where vaccine is assessed in accordance with these guidelines as appropriate for continued use, administration under this PGD is allowed.

# 2.11. Storage requirements

Vaccine should be stored at a temperature of +2° to +8°C.

Store in the original packaging to protect from light.

Do not freeze.

NHS Board guidance on Storage and Handling of vaccines should be observed.

In the event of an inadvertent or unavoidable deviation of these conditions, vaccine that has been stored outside the conditions stated above should be quarantined and risk assessed for suitability of continued use or appropriate disposal.

#### 2.12. Additional information

Minor illnesses without fever or systemic upset are not valid reasons to postpone immunisation. If an individual is acutely unwell, immunisation may be postponed until they have fully recovered.

#### 3. Adverse reactions

# 3.1 Warnings including possible adverse reactions and management of these

Mild soreness and induration at the site of injection lasting one to three days and, less commonly, a low-grade fever may occur. More severe systemic reactions are infrequent. In general, local and systemic reactions are more common in people with higher concentrations of antibodies to pneumococcal polysaccharides.

For full details/information on possible side effects, refer to the marketing authorisation holder's SmPC.

As with all vaccines there is a very small possibility of anaphylaxis and facilities for its management must be available.

In the event of severe adverse reaction individual should be advised to seek medical advice.

# 3.2 Reporting procedure for adverse reactions

Healthcare professionals and individuals/carers should report all suspected adverse reactions to the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) using the Yellow Card reporting scheme on <a href="http://www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard">http://www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard</a>

Any adverse reaction to a vaccine should be documented in accordance with locally agreed procedures in the individual's record and the individual's GP should be informed

# 3.3 Advice to patient or carer including written information

Written information to be given to individual:

- Provide manufacturer's consumer information leaflet/patient information leaflet (PIL) provided with the vaccine.
- Provide copy of Public Health Scotland post-vaccination leaflet.

Individual advice / follow up treatment:

 Individuals at especially increased risk of serious pneumococcal infection (such as asplenics and those who have received immunosuppressive therapy for any reason), should be advised regarding the possible need for early antimicrobial treatment in the event of severe, sudden febrile illness.

- Inform the individual/carer of possible side effects and their management.
- The individual should be advised to seek medical advice in the event of a severe adverse reaction.
- Inform the individual that they can report suspected adverse reactions to the MHRA using the Yellow Card reporting scheme on: <a href="http://yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk">http://yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk</a>.

# 3.4 Observation following vaccination

As syncope (fainting) can occur following vaccination, all vaccinees should either be driven by someone else or should not drive for 15 minutes after vaccination.

Following immunisation, patients remain under observation in line with NHS board policy.

# 3.5 Follow up

Not applicable.

#### 3.6 Additional facilities

A protocol for the management of anaphylaxis and an anaphylaxis pack must always be available whenever vaccines are given. Immediate treatment should include early treatment with intramuscular adrenaline, with an early call for help and further IM adrenaline every 5 minutes. The health professionals overseeing the immunisation service must be trained to recognise an anaphylactic reaction and be familiar with techniques for resuscitation of a patient with anaphylaxis.

## 4. Characteristics of staff authorised under the PGD

# 4.1 Professional qualifications

The following classes of registered healthcare practitioners are permitted to administer this vaccine:

- nurses and midwives currently registered with the Nursing and Midwifery Council (NMC)
- pharmacists currently registered with the General Pharmaceutical Council (GPhC)
- chiropodists/podiatrists, dieticians, occupational therapists, orthoptists, orthotists/prosthetists, paramedics, physiotherapists, radiographers and speech and language therapists currently registered with the Health and Care Professions Council (HCPC)
- dental hygienists and dental therapists registered with the General Dental Council
- optometrists registered with the General Optical Council.

# 4.2 Specialist competencies or qualifications

Persons must only work under this PGD where they are competent to do so.

#### All persons operating this PGD:

- must be authorised by name by their employer as an approved person under the current terms of this PGD before working to it.
- must be familiar with the vaccine product and alert to changes in the manufacturers product information/summary of product information.
- must be competent to undertake immunisation and to discuss issues related to immunisation to assess patients for vaccination and obtain consent.
- must be competent in the correct storage of vaccines and management of the cold chain if receiving, responsible for, or handling the vaccine.
- must be competent in the recognition and management of anaphylaxis or under the supervision of persons able to respond appropriately to immediate adverse reactions.
- must have access to the PGD and associated online resources.
- should fulfil any additional requirements defined by local policy

#### **Employer**

The employer is responsible for ensuring that persons have the required knowledge and skills to safely deliver the activity they are employed to provide under this PGD.

As a minimum, competence requirements stipulated in the PGD must be adhered to.

# 4.3 Continuing education and training

All practitioners operating under the PGD are responsible for ensuring they remain up to date with the use of vaccines included. If any training needs are identified these should be discussed with the individuals in the organisation responsible for authorising individuals to act under this PGD.

- Have undertaken NoS PGD module training on <u>TURAS</u> Learn
- Have attended basic life support training either face to face or online and updated in-line with individual Board requirements
- Have undertaken immunisation training where available
- Have undertaken NHS e-anaphylaxis training or equivalent which covers all aspects of the identification and management of anaphylaxis updated in-line with individual Board requirements
- Maintain their skills, knowledge and their own professional level of competence in this area according to their individual Code of Professional Conduct.

#### 5. Audit trail

## Record the following information:

- valid informed consent was given
- name of individual, address, date of birth and GP with whom the individual is registered if possible
- name of person that undertook assessment of individual's clinical suitability and subsequently administered the vaccine
- name and brand of vaccine
- date of administration
- dose, form and route of administration of vaccine
- batch number
- where possible expiry date
- anatomical site of vaccination
- advice given, including advice given if excluded or declines immunisation
- details of any adverse drug reactions and actions taken
- administered under PGD

Records should be kept in line with local procedures.

Local policy should be followed to encourage information sharing with the individual's General Practice.

All records should be clear, legible and contemporaneous and in an easily retrievable format.

#### 6. Additional references

- Immunisation against Infectious Disease [Green Book]
- <u>Immunisation against Infectious Disease [Green Book] chapter 25 Pneumococcal disease</u>
- The Green book of immunisation chapter 7 Immunisation of immunocompromised individuals (publishing.service.gov.uk)
- PHE Guidelines for the public health management of clusters of severe pneumococcal disease in closed settings
- Scottish Haematology Society advice on the revaccination of patients following haematopoietic stem cell transplant or CAR-T treatment
- Current edition of British National Formulary.
- Marketing authorisation holder's Summary of Product Characteristics.
- All relevant Scottish Government Health Directorate advice including the relevant CMO letter(s).
- <u>Professional Guidance on the Administration of Medicines in Healthcare Settings</u>
   2019
- Professional Guidance on the Safe and Secure Handling of Medicines

# 7. PHS Version history

Versio n	Date	Summary of changes
1.0	1 September 2021	Version 1.0 new PGD
2.0	1 June 2022	<ul> <li>Inclusion criteria expanded to include other patient groups outwith the Scottish Immunisation Programme.</li> <li>Frequency section updated to include dosing information for the other patient groups outwith the Scottish Immunisation Programme.</li> </ul>
2.1	1 March 2024	<ul> <li>The following changes to version 2.0 of the PGD have been made:</li> <li>Minor rewording, layout and formatting changes for clarity and consistency with other PHS PGDs</li> <li>Inclusion criteria, frequency, is the use outwith the SmPC and additional reference sections updated to include reference to the Scottish Haematology Society schedule for the revaccination of individuals following haematopoietic stem cell transplant or CART treatment.</li> <li>Inclusion criteria amended to include individuals invited, or eligible in accordance with the recommendations in Green Book and/or in line with subsequent correspondence/publications from Scottish Government.</li> <li>Observation following vaccination section updated to include advice on driving post-immunisation</li> </ul>



# **Appendix 1 - Healthcare Professional Agreement to Administer Medicine(s) Under Patient Group Direction**

l:	(Insert name)
Working within:	e.g. Area, Practice
Agree to administer the medic Direction:	ine(s) contained within the following Patient Group
Polysaccharide Va Healthcare Profession	on For The Administration Of Pneumococcal ccine (PPV) Pneumovax 23 <sup>®</sup> By Approved als Working Within NHS Grampian, Highland, Tayside And Western Isles, Version 2.1
administer the medicine(s) und	ate training to my professional standards enabling me to der the above direction. I agree not to act beyond my out with the recommendations of the direction.
Signed:	
Print Name:	
Date:	
Profession:	
Professional Registration number/PIN:	



# Appendix 2 - Healthcare Professionals Authorisation to Administer Medicine(s) Under Patient Group Direction

**The Lead manager/Professional** of each clinical area is responsible for maintaining records of all clinical areas where this PGD is in use, and to whom it has been disseminated.

**The Senior Nurse/Professional** who approves a healthcare professional to administer the medicine(s) under this PGD is responsible for ensuring that they are competent, qualified and trained to do so, and for maintaining an up-to-date record of such approved persons.

The Healthcare Professional that is approved to administer the medicine(s) under this PGD is responsible for ensuring that they understand and are qualified, trained and competent to undertake the duties required. The approved person is also responsible for ensuring that administration is carried out within the terms of the direction, and according to their individual code of professional practice and conduct.

Patient Group Direction For The Administration Of Pneumococcal Polysaccharide Vaccine (PPV) Pneumovax 23<sup>®</sup> By Approved Healthcare Professionals Working Within NHS Grampian, Highland, Orkney, Shetland Tayside And Western Isles, Version 2.1

Local clinical area(s) where the listed healthcare professionals will operate under this PGD:

Name of Healthcare Professional	Signature	Date	Name of Manager	Signature	Date

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Name of Healthcare Name of						
Professional	Signature	Date	Manager	Signature	Date	